# CERTIFICATION EXAMINATIONS FOR OKLAHOMA EDUCATORS™ (CEOE™)

### OKLAHOMA SUBJECT AREA TESTS™ (OSAT™)

#### FIELD 132: PSYCHOLOGY/SOCIOLOGY

#### **TEST FRAMEWORK**

#### December 2018

	Subarea	Range of Competencies
I.	Core Perspectives, Methods, and Concepts of Psychology	0001-0004
II.	Development, Learning, and Cognition	0005-0008
III.	Motivation, Emotion, Personality, Mental Health, and Social Behavior	0009–0012
IV.	Core Methods and Concepts of Sociology	0013-0016
٧.	Social Institutions, Stratification, and Problems	0017–0019
VI.	Pedagogical Content Knowledge	0020

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I. Core Perspectives, Methods, and Concepts of Psychology
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IV. Core Methods and Concepts of Sociology
V. Social Institutions, Stratification, and Problems
VI. Pedagogical Content Knowledge

#### SUBAREA I—CORE PERSPECTIVES, METHODS, AND CONCEPTS OF PSYCHOLOGY

#### **Competency 0001**

#### Apply knowledge of major ideas in psychology.

The following topics are examples of content that may be covered under this competency.

- Apply knowledge of major individuals in psychology (e.g., Wundt, Sumner, Freud, Horney, Piaget, Bandura, Rogers, Ainsworth).
- Analyze how psychologists view behavior from the psychodynamic, behaviorist, humanist, cognitive, biological, and sociocultural perspectives.
- Apply knowledge of the different subfields of psychology (e.g., clinical, counseling, educational, experimental, industrial-organizational, personality, psychometric, social).

#### **Competency 0002**

#### Apply knowledge of the tools and methods of inquiry in psychology.

- Apply skills used in posing questions, developing theories, and stating hypotheses in psychological research.
- Compare and contrast quantitative and qualitative research strategies (e.g., correlational studies, surveys, interviews, focus groups, narratives) as the foundation of research in psychology.
- Apply knowledge of administering and interpreting the results of tests.
- Apply knowledge of data analysis, including basic concepts of descriptive statistics.
- Apply knowledge of ethical principles in psychological research methods.

#### **Competency 0003**

#### Apply the principles of the biological bases of behavior.

The following topics are examples of content that may be covered under this competency.

- Analyze the structures and functions of the endocrine system and the effects of hormones on behavior and mental processes.
- Analyze the structures and functions of the central and peripheral nervous systems.
- Apply knowledge of brain-based research and theory.
- Analyze the interaction between biology and experience and its influence on behavior.
- Apply knowledge of the role of biology in states of consciousness (e.g., sleep cycles, dreaming, brain imaging).

#### **Competency 0004**

#### Apply knowledge of characteristics of sensation and perception.

- Analyze how humans organize, interpret, and respond to sensory stimuli.
- Analyze how the brain creates meaning from physical sensations.
- Distinguish between sensation and perception.
- Analyze factors (e.g., Gestalt principles, experiences, and expectations) that affect sensation and perception.
- Analyze the influence of altered states of consciousness (e.g., meditation, hypnosis, classes of drugs) on sensation and perception.

#### SUBAREA II—DEVELOPMENT, LEARNING, AND COGNITION

#### **Competency 0005**

#### Apply knowledge of lifespan development from conception to end of life.

The following topics are examples of content that may be covered under this competency.

- Apply knowledge of developmental theories (e.g., theories of Piaget, Erikson, Kohlberg, and Gilligan) to life situations.
- Analyze physical, cognitive, social, and emotional changes throughout the lifespan.
- Analyze the interactive effects of biological and environmental factors (e.g., nature and nurture) on development.
- Analyze factors related to gender development and the development of cultural identity.

#### **Competency 0006**

#### Apply principles and processes associated with learning.

The following topics are examples of content that may be covered under this competency.

- Apply knowledge of the principles of classical and operant conditioning.
- Apply knowledge of the principles of social-cognitive/observational learning.
- Analyze the roles of biology and culture in learning.

#### Competency 0007

### Apply principles and processes associated with memory, thinking, and language.

- Analyze how information is encoded, stored, and retrieved.
- Apply knowledge of cognitive processes involved in processing and understanding information.
- Analyze algorithms and heuristics involved in problem solving.
- Analyze heuristics, framing, and biases involved in decision making.
- Analyze the role of biology in cognition and memory.

#### **Competency 0008**

#### Apply principles and issues associated with intelligence.

The following topics are examples of content that may be covered under this competency.

- Analyze theories and conceptualizations of intelligence.
- Apply knowledge of methods of assessing human abilities.
- Analyze alternative explanations for differences in intelligence test scores.
- Analyze issues of bias, validity, and reliability related to intelligence testing.

### SUBAREA III—MOTIVATION, EMOTION, PERSONALITY, MENTAL HEALTH, AND SOCIAL BEHAVIOR

#### Competency 0009

#### Apply concepts and processes related to motivation and emotion.

- Apply knowledge of major theories of motivation (e.g., biological, social-cognitive, humanistic, cultural, critical race).
- Analyze factors that influence motivation.
- Apply knowledge of major theories of emotional experience (e.g., James-Lange theory, Cannon-Bard theory, Schachter two-factor theory).
- Analyze biological and environmental influences on the expression and experience of emotions.
- Analyze the effects of motivation and emotion on perception, cognition, and behavior.

#### **Competency 0010**

## Apply knowledge of concepts of personality and methods for assessing personality.

The following topics are examples of content that may be covered under this competency.

- Apply knowledge of personality and personality constructs.
- Analyze factors associated with the construction, revision, and use of selfconcept and identity.
- Apply knowledge of theories and approaches associated with the study of personality (e.g., psychoanalytic, trait, cognitive-behavioral, humanistic, biological).
- Apply knowledge of tools used to assess personality, including objective and projective techniques.

#### Competency 0011

## Apply principles and processes associated with mental health and psychological disorders and treatments.

- Analyze sources and effects of stress and the relationships between stress, psychological health, and physical health.
- Apply knowledge of types and characteristics of abnormal behavior.
- Apply current knowledge of symptoms and causes of major psychological disorders (e.g., anxiety disorders, mood disorders, schizophrenia).
- Relate psychological perspectives to different modes of treatment for people with psychological disorders (e.g., psychoanalytic, biomedical, cognitive).
- Apply current criteria for evaluating the effectiveness of treatments for particular disorders.

#### Competency 0012

#### Apply concepts and processes related to social psychology.

The following topics are examples of content that may be covered under this competency.

- Apply knowledge of attributional explanations of behavior.
- Apply knowledge of attitude formation and processes by which attitudes change.
- Evaluate the factors that lead to conformity, obedience, and nonconformity.
- Analyze social psychological phenomena (e.g., altruism, aggression, conflict, cooperation, competition, attraction, prejudice) and factors that influence these phenomena.

#### SUBAREA IV—CORE METHODS AND CONCEPTS OF SOCIOLOGY

#### Competency 0013

## Apply knowledge of the perspective, historical development, and methods of inquiry of sociology.

The following topics are examples of content that may be covered under this competency.

- Apply knowledge of the sociological perspective and how it differs from other social sciences.
- Apply knowledge of major ideas and individuals (e.g., Comte, Durkheim, Spencer, Weber, Mills, Dix, Addams, Marx, Dubois) in the development of sociology as a social science.
- Apply knowledge of the scientific method used to investigate and answer questions about the human experience.
- Apply knowledge of major methods of sociological research (e.g., surveys, experiments, observations, content analysis).

#### Competency 0014

#### Apply knowledge of the concepts of culture and society and their significance.

The following topics are examples of content that may be covered under this competency.

- Distinguish between culture and society.
- Analyze major components of culture.
- Analyze factors and processes involved in the development and perpetuation of culture, subcultures, and countercultures.
- Analyze the nature of society and characteristics of different types of societies.

6

#### **Competency 0015**

#### Analyze the relationship between the individual and society.

The following topics are examples of content that may be covered under this competency.

- Analyze processes of socialization through the developmental stages and their effects on the emergence of personal identity and a sense of self.
- Analyze the roles of social context and cultural and economic factors in the formation of individual values, beliefs, and attitudes.
- Analyze the role of society in the construction of the self.
- Apply knowledge of sociological theories of deviance and crime.
- Apply knowledge of individual and social consequences of deviant behavior.
- Apply knowledge of agents and methods of social control in different types of societies.

#### **Competency 0016**

#### Analyze concepts related to social structure and the organization of groups.

The following topics are examples of content that may be covered under this competency.

- Apply knowledge of concepts of social interaction, social status, and social roles.
- Apply knowledge of various types of norms (e.g., folkways, mores, laws, taboos).
- Analyze characteristics, demographics, structures, and functions of different types of social groups and organizations.
- Analyze how in-group and out-group membership influences the life chances of individuals and shapes societal norms and values.

#### SUBAREA V—SOCIAL INSTITUTIONS, STRATIFICATION, AND PROBLEMS

#### Competency 0017

### Analyze characteristics of social institutions and their roles in different societies.

The following topics are examples of content that may be covered under this competency.

- Analyze the characteristics and functions of different types of social institutions.
- Analyze differences in the roles played by the major social institutions in different societies.
- Analyze the changes that have taken place in family, religious, economic, educational, and political institutions in the United States.

7

#### **Competency 0018**

#### Analyze social inequality and its significance for other social problems.

The following topics are examples of content that may be covered under this competency.

- Analyze common patterns of social inequality and stratification.
- Analyze concepts and theories regarding the causes of social inequality.
- Analyze the effects of social inequality on groups and individuals.
- Analyze concepts associated with race and racism and the causes, characteristics, and effects of ethnocentrism, xenophobia, and racial and ethnic discrimination.
- Analyze the causes, characteristics, and effects of gender and age discrimination in contemporary society.

#### **Competency 0019**

#### Analyze processes of social change.

- Analyze theories explaining the causes, processes, and mechanisms of social continuity, conflict, and change.
- Analyze the concept of collective behavior and the origins and effects of different types of social movements.
- Analyze the significance of modernization and globalization for different societies.
- Analyze causes of industrialization and urbanization, problems created by urbanization, and solutions to urban problems.
- Analyze the effects of social change in rural areas.

#### SUBAREA VI—PEDAGOGICAL CONTENT KNOWLEDGE

#### Competency 0020

Apply pedagogical content knowledge to design developmentally appropriate instruction to help students achieve a specific, standards-based learning goal in psychology that promotes learning for all students.

- Apply knowledge of standards-based learning goals for psychology content.
- Apply knowledge of appropriate and effective assessments to measure and promote students' learning and growth in psychology.
- Analyze samples of student work and/or assessment results of student learning for a lesson in psychology.
- Describe and explain a learning activity or instructional strategy that would effectively address a student's identified challenge or build on a student's identified strength in psychology.
- Describe how the analysis of student work and/or assessment data can be used to guide future instruction in psychology.